## Amended Claims

1. A phosphate compound of Formula (I)

$$Z \xrightarrow{II} X - R - OP(O)(OH)_2$$
(I)

wherein:

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X represents at any available ring position –CONH-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-, -CH<sub>2-</sub>, -NHCO- or -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-;

- 10 R represents a lower C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with one or more groups including hydroxy, amino and N-oxides therefrom or dialkylamino and N-oxides therefrom; Y represents at any available ring position -N-aziridinyl, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>W)<sub>2</sub> or -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CHMeW)<sub>2</sub>, where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me.
- Z represents at any available ring position -NO<sub>2</sub>, -halogen, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub> or -SO<sub>2</sub>Me; and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof.
- 2. A phosphate compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 which is selected from a compound represented by formulae (Ia), (Ib) or (Ic)

$$Z = CONH(CH_2)_nOP(O)(OH)_2$$

$$(Ia) \qquad O_2N + CONH(CH_2)_nOP(O)(OH)_2$$

$$(Ib) + CONH(CH_2)_nOP(O)(OH)_2$$

$$V = CONH(CH_2)_nOP(OH)_2$$

$$V = CONH(CH_2)_1$$

and wherein

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n represents 1 to 6

Z represents -NO<sub>2</sub>, -halogen, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub> or -SO<sub>2</sub>Me; and where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof.

- 3. The phosphate compound of Formula (I) as claimed in claim 1 or claim 2 which is selected from:
  - 2-[[2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-3,5-dinitrobenzoyl]amino]ethyl dihydrogen phosphate;
  - 3-[[5-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-2,4-dinitrobenzoyl]amino]propyl dihydrogen phosphate;
  - 3-[[5-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,4-dinitrobenzoyl]amino]propyl dihydrogen phosphate;
  - 2-[[2-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-3,5-dinitrobenzoyl]amino]ethyl dihydrogen phosphate;
- 2-[(2-Chloroethyl)-2,4-dinitro-6-[[[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]amino]-carbonyl]anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate;
  - 2-({2-[Bis(2-bromopropyl)amino]-3,5-dinitrobenzoyl}amino)ethyl dihydrogen phosphate;
  - 2-[(2-Bromoethyl)-2,4-dinitro-6-[[[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]amino]-carbonyl]anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate;
- 2-[[2-[Bis(2-iodoethyl)amino]-3,5-dinitrobenzoyl]amino]ethyl dihydrogen phosphate; 2-[(2-Iodoethyl)-2,4-dinitro-6-({[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]amino}carbonyl)-anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate;

2-[(2-Chloroethyl)-2,4-dinitro-3-[[[3-(phosphonooxy)propyl]amino]-embonyl]anilino[ethyl methanesulfonate;

3-({3-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,6-dinitrobenzoyl}amino)propyl dihydrogen phosphate;

2-[(2-Bromoethyl)-2,4-dinitro-3-[[[2-(phosphonooxy)ethyl]amino]-carbonyl]anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate;

2-[(2-Bromocthyl)-2,4-dinitro-3-[[[3-(phosphonooxy)propyl]amino]-carbonyl]anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate; and

2-[(2-Iodoethyl)-2,4-dinitro-3-[[[3-(phosphonooxy)propyl]amino]-carbonyl]anilino]ethyl methanesulfonate.

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4. A method of preparing a phosphate represented by the general formula (i);

$$Z \xrightarrow{NO_2} X - R - OP(O)(OH)_2$$

15 wherein:

X represents at any available ring position –CONH-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -NHCO- or -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-;

R represents a lower C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with one or more groups including
hydroxy, amino and N-oxides therefrom or dialkylamino and N-oxides therefrom;
Y represents at any available ring position -N-aziridinyl or -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>W)<sub>2</sub>, where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me;

Z represents at any available ring position -NO2, -halogen, -CN, -CF3 or -SO2Me;

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and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof; the method including the step of

(i) phosphorylating a compound of formula (II)

$$Z = X - R - OH$$
(II)

wherein:

X represents at any available ring position –CONH-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>-, -NHCO- or -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-;

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Y represents at any available ring position -N-aziridinyl, -N( $CH_2CH_2W$ )<sub>2</sub>, or -N( $CH_2CH MeW$ )<sub>2</sub> where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me;

Z represents at any available ring position -NO<sub>2</sub>, -halogen, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub> or -SO<sub>2</sub>Me; and

R represents a lower C<sub>1-6</sub> alkyl optionally substituted with one or more groups including hydroxy, amino and N-oxides therefrom or dialkylamino and N-oxides therefrom.

## 5. A method of preparing a compound of formulae (Ia), (Ib) or (Ic)

$$Z = \begin{pmatrix} O_2 & O_2$$

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and wherein

n represents 1 to 6

Z represents -NO<sub>2</sub>, -halogen, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub> or -SO<sub>2</sub>Me; and where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me

20 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof

the method including the step of phosphorylating a compound represented by formulae (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc)

Variable 
$$V_{2}$$
 CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH  $V_{2}$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH  $V_{2}$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH  $V_{2}$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH  $V_{2}$  (IIc)  $V_{2}$  wherein Y represents  $V_{2}$   $V_{2}$ 

and wherein

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n represents 1 to 6

Z represents -NO2, -halogen, -CN, -CF3 or -SO2Me; and

where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me

- 10 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives.
  - 6. A compound of formula (I) when obtained by the method defined in claim 4.
  - 7. A compound of formula (Ia), (Ib) or (Ic) when obtained by the method defined in claim 5.
  - 8. A method of anticancer treatment including the step of administering an amount of a compound of Formula (I) as defined above in any one of claims 1 to 3 to a subject.
- A method of killing hypoxic cells in a tumour including the step of administering an
   amount of a compound of Formula (I) as defined above in any one of claims 1 to 3 to a subject with the tumour.

- 10. The method as claimed in claim 8 or claim 9 including the further step of applying irradiation or one or more chemotherapeutic agents to the subject.
- 11. The method as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 10 wherein the subject is a human.

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- 12. The method as claimed in any one of claims 8 to 11 wherein the amount administered is between about 20% to 100% of the maximum tolerated dose of the subject.
- 13. A method of cell ablation utilising at least one nitroreductase enzyme including the step of using a compound of Formula (1) as defined above in any one of claims 1 to 3 in an effective amount to ablate cells which express at least one nitroreductase enzyme.
  - 14. A method of cell ablation utilising at least one nitroreductase enzyme including the step of administering a compound of Formula (I) as defined above in any one of claims 1 to 3 in an effective amount to a subject to ablate cells which express at least one nitroreductase enzyme.
    - 15. The method as claimed in claim 14 wherein the at least one nitroreductase enzyme is encoded for by the nfsB gene of either *E. coli* or by orthologous genes in *Clostridia* species.
- 20 16. The method as claimed in claim 14 or claim 15 wherein the cells that express the at least one nitroreductase enzyme are tumour cells in tissue in the subject.
  - 17. The method as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 16 wherein the cell ablation is achieved through GDEPT (gene-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy).
  - 18. The method as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 17 wherein the cell ablation is achieved through ADEPT (antibody-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy).
  - 19. The method as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 18 wherein the cells are mammalian.
  - 20. The method as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 19 wherein the amount administered is between about 20% to 100% of the maximum tolerated dose of the subject.

- 21. The method as claimed in any one of claims 14 to 20 including the further step of applying irradiation or one or more chemotherapeutic agents to the subject.
- 22. A pharmaceutical composition including a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as defined in any one of claims 1 to 3 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, adjuvant, carrier, buffer or stabiliser
  - 23. The use in the manufacture of a medicament of an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I) as defined in any one of claims 1 to 3 to treat cancer in a subject.
- 24. The use as claimed in claim 23 wherein the medicament is further adapted for use in cell ablation in conjunction with at least one nitroreductase enzyme including GDEPT (gene-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy) or ADEPT (antibody-directed enzyme therapy).
- 15 25. The use as claimed in 24 wherein the at least one nitroreductase enzyme is encoded for by the nfsB gene of either *E. coli* or by orthologous genes in *Clostridia* species.
  - 26. The use as claimed in any one of claims 23 to 25 wherein the medicament is adapted for a mammalian subject.

27. An alcohol compound of Formula (II)

$$Z \xrightarrow{\mathbb{I}} X - R - OH$$

wherein:

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25 X represents at any available ring position—CONH-, -SO<sub>2</sub>NH-, -O-, -CH<sub>2</sub>., -NHCO- or -NHSO<sub>2</sub>-;

Y represents at any available ring position -N-aziridinyl, -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>W)<sub>2</sub>, or -N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH MeW)<sub>2</sub> where each W is independently selected from halogen or -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me;

Z represents at any available ring position -NO2, -halogen, -CN, -CF3 or -SO2Me;

 $\hat{R}$  represents a lower  $C_{1-6}$  alkyl optionally substituted with one or more groups including hydroxy, amino and N-oxides therefrom or dialkylamino and N-oxides therefrom; and pharmaccutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof, with the proviso that

when Z represents NO<sub>2</sub> and Y represents N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl)<sub>2</sub>, X and R together cannot represent - CONHCH<sub>2</sub>(CHOH)CH<sub>2</sub>- and with the further proviso that the following compounds

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are excluded.

28: The alcohol compound of Formula (II) as claimed in claim 27 selected from a compound represented by formulae (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc)

and wherein

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n represents 1 to 6

Z represents -NO2, -halogen, -CN, -CF3 or -SO2Me; and

where each W is independently selected from halogen or  $-OSO_2Me$ 

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof with the proviso that

when Z represents NO<sub>2</sub> and Y represents N(CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Cl)<sub>2</sub>, X and R together cannot represent - CONHCH<sub>2</sub>(CHOH)CH<sub>2</sub>- and with the further proviso that the following compounds

- 5 29. The alcohol compound of Formula (II) selected from a compound of Formula (IIb) or (IIc) as defined in claim 28.
  - 30. The alcohol compound of Formula (II) as defined in claim 28 or claim 29 selected from:
  - N-(2-Hydroxyethyl)-5-[bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,4- dinitrobenzamide;
- 10 N-(4-Hydroxybutyl)-5-[bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,4-dinitrobenzamide;
  - N-(5-Hydroxypentyl)-5-[bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,4-dinitrobenzamide;
  - N-(6-Hydroxyhexyl)-5-[bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-2,4-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 5-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-4-(methylsulfonyl)-2-nitrobenzamide;
  - 2[(2-Bromoethyl)-5-[[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]carbonyl]-2, 4-dinitroanilino]ethyl
- 15 methanesulfonate;
  - 5-[Bis(2-iodoethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2, 4-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-[Bis(2-Chloroethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 20 2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;

- 2-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 2-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-N-(5-hydroxypentyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(5-hydroxypentyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 2-[Bis(2-chloroethyl)amino]-N-(6-hydroxyhexyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(6-hydroxyhexyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-[Bis(2-bromopropyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
  - $2\hbox{-}((2\hbox{-Bromoethyl})\hbox{-}2\hbox{-}\{[(2\hbox{-hydroxypropyl})\hbox{amino}]\hbox{carbonyl}\}\hbox{-}4,6\hbox{-}dinitroanilino})\hbox{ethyl} methanesulfonate;$
- 2-((2-Bromoethyl)-2-{[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4,6-dinitroanilino)ethyl methanesulfonate;
  - 2-((2-Chloroethyl)-2-{[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4,6-dinitroanilino)ethyl methanesulfonate;
  - 2-[Bis(2-iodoethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-3,5-dinitrobenzamide;
- 2-((2-Iodoethyl)-2-{[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]carbonyl}-4,6-dinitroanilino)cthyl methanesulfonate;
  - 3-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(2-hydroxyethyl)-2,6-dinitrobenzamide;
  - $\hbox{$2$-((2-Bromoethyl)-3-{[(2-hydroxyethyl)amino]carbonyl}-2,4-dinitroanilino)ethyl methanesulfonate;}\\$
- 20 3-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(3-hydroxypropyl)-2,6-dinitrobenzamide;
  - $2\hbox{-}((2\hbox{-bromoethyl})\hbox{-}3\hbox{-}\{[(3\hbox{-hydroxypropyl})\hbox{amino}]\hbox{carbonyl}\}\hbox{-}2,4\hbox{-dinitroanilino})\hbox{ethyl}\\ methanesul fonate;$
  - 3-[Bis(2-bromoethyl)amino]-N-(4-hydroxybutyl)-2,6-dinitrobenzamide;
  - 2-((2-Bromoethyl)-3-{[(4-hydroxybutyl)amino]carbonyl}-2,4-dinitroanilino)ethyl
- 25 methanesulfonate;

- 2-((2-Chloroethyl)-3-{[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]carbonyl}-2,4-dinitroanilino)ethyl methanesulfonate; and
- $2-((2-Iodoethyl)-3-\{[(3-hydroxypropyl)amino]carbonyl\}-2, 4-dinitroanilino) ethyl methanesul fonate.\\$
- 31. A method of preparing a compound of formulae (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc)

Z CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>), OH 
$$V_2$$
 (IIa)  $V_2$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>), OH  $V_2$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>), OH  $V_2$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>), OH  $V_2$  (IIb)  $V_2$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>), OH  $V_2$  (IIc)

and wherein
n represents 1 to 6

Z represents -NO<sub>2</sub>, -halogen, -CN, -CF<sub>3</sub> or -SO<sub>2</sub>Me; and where W<sub>1</sub> is halogen and W<sub>2</sub> is -OSO<sub>2</sub>Me and pharmaceutically acceptable salts and derivatives thereof;

the method including the step of

reacting a compound of formulae (IIa'), (IIb') or (IIc') optionally with heating

Z CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>CH 
$$(IIa')$$
  $O_2N$  CONH(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>n</sub>OH  $(IIb')$   $NO_2$   $CONH(CH_2)_nOH$   $NO_2$   $(IIc')$  wherein Y may represent  $W_1$   $W_2$ 

wherein W'1 and W'2 are each halogen;

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with an effective amount of silver methanesulfonate (AgOMs) in a solvent to give a compound of formulae (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) defined above in this claim.

- 32. The method as claimed in claim 31 wherein the solvent is selected from MeCN or other polar non-protic solvent.
- 10 33. A compound of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) obtained by the method defined in claim 31 or claim 33.
  - 34. A method of anticancer treatment including the step of administering an amount of a compound of Formula ( $\Pi$ ) as defined in claim 27 to a subject.
  - 35. A method of killing hypoxic cells in a tumour including the step of administering an amount of a compound of Formula (II) as defined in claim 27 to a subject with the turnour.
- 36. The method as claimed in claim 34 or claim 35 including the further step of applying irradiation or one or more chemotherapeutic agents to the subject.

- 37. The method as claimed in any one of claims 34 to 36 wherein the subject is a numan.
- 38. A method of cell ablation utilising at least one nitroreductase enzyme including the step of using a compound of Formula (II) as defined in claim 27 in an effective amount to ablate cells which express at least one nitroreductase enzyme.

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- 39. A method of cell ablation utilising at least one nitroreductase enzyme including the step of administering a compound of Formula (II) as defined in claim 27 in an effective amount to a subject to ablate cells which express at least one nitroreductase enzyme.
- 40. The method as claimed in claim 39 wherein the at least one nitroreductase enzyme is encoded for by the nfsB gene of either *E. coli* or by orthologous genes in *Clostridia* species.
- The method as claimed in claim 39 or claim 40 wherein the cells that express the at least one nitroreductase enzyme are turnour cells in tissue in the subject.
  - 42. The method as claimed in any one of claims 39 to 41 wherein the cell ablation is achieved through GDEPT (gene-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy).
- 20 43. The method as claimed in any one of claims 39 to 41 wherein the cell ablation is achieved through ADEPT (antibody-directed enzyme-prodrug therapy).
  - 44. The method as claimed in any one of claims 39 to 43 wherein the cells are mammalian.
- 25 45. The method as claimed in any one of claims 39 to 44 including the further step of applying irradiation or one or more chemotherapeutic agents to the subject.
  - 46. A pharmaceutical composition including a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Formula (II) as claimed in claim 27 and a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient, adjuvant, carrier, buffer or stabiliser.
  - 47. The use in the manufacture of a medicament of an effective amount of a compound of Formula (II) as claimed in claim 27 as an anticancer agent in a subject.

48. The use as claimed in claim 47 wherein the medicament is further adapted for use in cell ablation in conjunction with at least one nitroreductase enzyme including GDEPT (genedirected enzyme-prodrug therapy) or ADEPT (antibody-directed enzyme therapy).

- 49. The use as claimed in claim 48 wherein the at least one nitroreductase enzyme is encoded for by the nfsB gene of either *E. coli* or by orthologous genes in *Clostridia* species.
- 10 50. The use as claimed in any one of claims 47 to 49 wherein the medicament is adapted for a mammalian subject.